

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

SOLDERS CAMP IN LONDON'S PARKS

British Government Mobilizing Its Troops in Preparation For Trouble

PACIFICATORY EFFORTS REJECTED

Proposition For Royal Commission Turned Down and 100,000 Street Railway Employees Ordered Out—May Cripple Traffic of Entire United Kingdom—Sales of Bottled Beer Are Forbidden at Liverpool.

London, Aug. 17.—The strenuous, almost desperate efforts of the liberal government have made it plain to the most casual observer that the situation in England is a most serious one. The government has mobilized its troops in the parks and is preparing for a possible conflict with the United States. The government has also rejected all pacificatory efforts and has ordered the sale of bottled beer to be forbidden at Liverpool.

Unions Include Skill Workmen.

Though the membership of the unions is less than one-fifth of the entire force of the railway workers, it includes the highest skilled laborers employed by the companies, and if they all keep in line they will be able to cripple the traffic of the entire United Kingdom. The vital question of the situation now is how large a proportion of the men will respond to the strike order. No one can answer the question or even attempt to summarize the situation at this time.

No Definite Information.

At midnight, neither the board of trade, the railway managers nor the union leaders has any definite information as to how the men were responding to the strike order.

Trains Moving as Usual.

Telegrams were pouring in that a thousand men had struck here and 500 at another place, but the messages were based largely on guesswork. As far as London is concerned, the strike has not visibly affected traffic as yet. All trains are moving as usual and the railway managers are confident that the situation will be kept under control.

Strikers Issue Statement.

Late tonight the executive committee of the railway strikers issued a statement saying: "Results from the provinces point to an early victory." The leaders, however, could not give details supporting this assertion.

Chancellor of Exchequer Acts.

The government has been successful in its attempts to stave off the strike which had been set to begin at 5 o'clock this morning. The chancellor of the exchequer, stepped into the breach in the house of commons, after the day's conference at the board of trade, and resulted in failure in an endeavor further to delay the walkout of the men and bring about an amicable settlement of the railway strike. The chancellor argued that today's negotiations and Premier Asquith's offer to form a royal commission to settle the strike had resulted in a settlement of the strike in the part of the men which they might be put straight.

Proposition Rejected.

But the proposition for the railway employees refused to accept Mr. Lloyd George's view of the situation and insisted on calling the strike, even though the government had not definitely broken off. Premier Asquith's proposition was to form a royal commission of three members, one from the railway companies, one from the strikers, and the third, the chairman, a man well known for his impartiality. These railway companies' representatives accepted the proposition but the employees rejected it.

Army on the Move.

A dramatic feature of the affair is that England's army is on the move. Its activities, which have been described as a mobilization rather than at any time for some years. The government is deploying troops to meet the emergency all over the country. At midnight, 15,000 soldiers were loaded on 22 trains.

Soldiers Camp in London Parks.

The authorities refused to make public their destination, but a large proportion of them have come to London and are encamping in the parks and near the railway stations. Four thousand infantry are in Victoria park, in the east end of London, and the center of its most turbulent population. Three thousand infantry are in Hyde park, another 3,000 in Hyde park, 800 are guarding the general post office, and another 800 are encamped at the lower end of the Strand.

Scots Guards at Railway Station.

The only London railway station where soldiers are in evidence is Clapham Junction, the center of several suburban lines, where the Scots guards are picketing. Elsewhere troops are being moved to strategic points all over the country.

Government Prepared for Trouble.

The government is prepared to cope with the strike, fully prepared. The tunnels and signal boxes are the chief points which it purposes to protect against possible violence.

Sales of Bottled Beer Are Suppressed.

Action Taken, Because Rioters Use the Bottles as Missiles.

Liverpool, Aug. 17.—Liverpool was comparatively quiet today, following several days and nights of turmoil and rioting growing out of the strike of transport workers and allied unionists. Troops, however, continued to guard all public buildings and patrol the streets.

Men Smuggled Into Power Station.

That there were no serious disturbances tonight probably was due to the fact that the electric light company succeeded in keeping the city lights on by smuggling men into the power station to replace the regular men who quit today in sympathy with the strikers.

Streets and Hotels Well Lighted.

Until 8 o'clock tonight the company maintained only a limited supply of current for illuminating purposes, but at that time the street car service was suspended and the additional supply of power thus secured diverted to fully lighting the streets and hotels. The latter previously had been deprived of all electric light.

Theaters Had to Close.

It was necessary to close the theaters because of their use of electric current

Cabled Paragraphs

St. Petersburg, Aug. 17.—Curtis Gull, Jr., the newly appointed ambassador from the United States to Russia in succession to William W. Rockhill, was received in audience by Emperor Nicholas at the palace at Peterhof today.

Aden, Arabia, Aug. 17.—The chief officer and six sailors of the British steamer Fishhawk, which was wrecked twenty miles south of Cape Guardafui, arrived here today on the British steamer Andromeda which picked up the men after they had drifted for five days in an open boat.

HIGH SCHOOL ROMANCE

ENDS IN ELOPEMENT. After Marriage, Mail Letter to Parents and Leave for Maine.

Providence, Aug. 17.—Miss Grace Mathewson Sweet, daughter of Walter H. Sweet, of this city, and Raymond Sweet, of the United States, both classical high school graduates, successfully planned and executed an elopement yesterday afternoon after a secret marriage which took place at the Church of the Transfiguration at Edgewood by Rev. Levi B. Edwards. As soon as the ceremony was over, the young couple left for their home in Maine.

No Drinks in Bottle Form.

All taverns were closed at 8 o'clock tonight and hereafter in accordance with the orders of city magistrates they must shut down at 2 o'clock in the afternoon until further notice. It was also decided to suppress the sale of beer and other drinks in bottle form so as to minimize the use of bottles by the rioters as missiles.

The Press Cautioned.

As a further precaution the press was requested to avoid sensational headlines which would be likely to incite to disorder. It was also deemed advisable to ask the government to afford adequate military and naval protection to the press in the event of any attack.

Ship Owners Issue Manifesto.

The ship owners' committee today issued a manifesto of a conciliatory character, appealing to the strikers to resume work and enable the withdrawal of the lockout notice against the shipping employees here. The manifesto was a willingness on the part of ship owners to submit the grievances of the men to a joint committee. The strike committee, after considering this manifesto, replied that things must take their course. Thus the door was closed to negotiations looking to a settlement of the strike.

Work Stopped at Nottingham.

Nottingham, Aug. 17.—On receipt of the strike order the railroaders here went out although enough of the men remained at work to keep the passenger traffic going.

Rioting at Sheffield.

Sheffield, Aug. 17.—There was considerable rioting here all day. Troops and police who were engaged in escorting wagons in moving goods were obstructed by rowdies and compelled to use their batons, and late tonight a riot broke out in the city center.

Food High at Manchester.

Manchester, Aug. 17.—Owing to the strike the food supply in this city is at the utmost difficulty and the prices of food are constantly rising. The situation is expected to worsen if the strike continues.

Strike in Dublin Today.

Dublin, Aug. 17.—The employees of the four Irish railways tonight decided to call a strike at six o'clock Friday morning.

1,800 Out at Glasgow.

Glasgow, Aug. 17.—Eighteen hundred railway men struck here tonight. At Edinburgh the men still favor conciliation and it is unknown whether the 45,000 Scotch railroaders, half of whom are unionists, will join the strike.

5,000 Out at Leeds.

Leeds, Aug. 17.—Five thousand railway men struck here tonight. Business is paralyzed in this city.

Coal Fields Suffer.

London, Aug. 17.—The railway strike is seriously affecting the coal fields in Lancashire and Cheshire, where about 100,000 tons of coal are being mined. The situation is expected to worsen if the strike continues.

Attacks on Colonel Astor.

MAKE MISS FORCE ILL. Fiancée of Col. John Jacob Astor Suffers Nervous Collapse.

New York, Aug. 17.—Suffering from a severe attack, Miss Madeleine Talmage Force, the fiancée of Col. John Jacob Astor, lies seriously ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Force, No. 18 East Thirty-seventh street.

MOVEMENT TO PREVENT

ALL SUNDAY SPORTS.

Gaelic League Will Take a Hand Unless Some Action is Taken.

Bridgeport, Aug. 17.—George H. Woods, chairman of the sports committee of the Gaelic League, has written a letter to the Connecticut state legislature, stating that unless some action was taken towards the passing of a bill permitting amateur sports on the grounds of the Gaelic League, the league would be forced to take a hand in the proposed Sunday bill, a general movement of all amusements on Sunday so that there would be no discrimination.

CAPTAIN HAINS SEEKS

DIVORCE FROM WIFE

Is Now Serving Sentence in Sing Sing for Murder of Annis.

New York, Aug. 17.—The murder of William E. Annis by Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., of the United States army, at the Bayview Yacht club on Long Island, was recalled when the suit by Captain Hains for divorce from his wife was brought in the justice of the peace court in Brooklyn today.

THOMAS C. RICHARDS.

Winsted, Conn., Aug. 17.—Thomas C. Richards, president and treasurer of the T. C. Richards Hardware company, died at his home here tonight from a stroke of the heart.

TEDDY A GRANDFATHER.

Daughter Born to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., at 2:30 this morning. Mother and child are reported in satisfactory health. Since their marriage the Roosevelts have made their home in this city, where Mr. Roosevelt is engaged in business.

Spends Night

At Cleveland

AVIATOR ATWOOD FLEW 123

MILES YESTERDAY.

HIS AEROPLANE ATTACHED

Standard Oil Company Presents Claim

for \$300—Expects to Fly to Erie, Pa.,

or Buffalo, N. Y., Today.

Cleveland, Aug. 17.—With another gain to his credit of 123 miles, Harry N. Atwood arrived in Cleveland this afternoon on his aeroplane flight from St. Louis to New York. He covered the 123 miles in 1 hour and 15 minutes, an actual flying time of two hours and twenty minutes.

"Just An Easy Center."

"Just an easy center," said Atwood as he stepped from his biplane in the city. "I almost went to sleep with the monotony of it. In five days New York will see me here with my latest scrapers and glide into the sand at Coney Island."

Has Covered 643 Miles.

The Bostonian is pleased with his progress. He has now traveled 643 miles from his starting point in St. Louis. He expects to reach New York in five days.

Enthusiastic Greeting at Cleveland.

Blowing of whistles and the cheering of people crowded on the streets of Cleveland greeted Atwood's entry into the city. He was met by a large crowd of people who were waiting to see him.

First Landing in Wrong Place.

That an aeronaut cannot pick out the spot arranged for his landing in a strange city was again evidenced when Atwood, by mistake, at 4:11 p. m., descended at Edgewater park in the western section, whereas Euclid Beach, 12 miles to the east, had been officially assigned as the landing place.

Abandoned Course Over Lake.

When the air currents over the lake took him off his intended course, Atwood was forced to land at a point over the land and at Lorain resumed his regular course over the lake.

55 Miles in 59 Minutes.

With farms, woods, villages and rivers spinning beneath him in a blur, Atwood made his 55 miles in 59 minutes, including the time lost in searching for a landing place.

Is Not Trying for Speed.

"The fact that I am in Cleveland to-night when I didn't expect to reach here before Sunday shows how far I am from trying for speed," said Atwood. "I am not half trying for speed. I am just trying to see how far I can go in a day."

Democracy Against La Follette Bill.

Senator La Follette finally offered his bill as a substitute for the house bill and the amendments that had been added to it. The substitute secured no votes, however, but those of insurgents who were opposed to the house bill.

Had To Throw Down Insurgents.

Whatever the agreement, whatever the understanding, the results accomplished were both definite and decisive. The democratic majority, however, was not able to throw down the insurgents.

Democracy Seek To Aid Regulars.

Despite the drastic results invoked, many of the regular republicans still insisted upon their right to decline to vote and when serious consequences threatened they resorted to motions to be carried by safe majorities.

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Turned Trick

On Insurgents

REGULARS ABSENT THEMSELVES

FROM THE SENATE.

Consistently Carry Out Agreement

With Insurgents on Cotton.

Democracy In Full Control Could Not

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